Amaza® Mouse Macrophage Nucleofector® Kit

For mouse bone marrow derived macrophages

Mouse macrophages differentiated from freshly isolated bone marrow of C57BL/6 & BALB/c mice. Mouse macrophages are large granular cells with filament extrusions which adhere to plastic surfaces.

Example for Nucleofection® of mouse macrophages

Example for the transfection of mouse macrophages with pmaxGFP® Vector. Primary mouse macrophages (isolated from C57BL/6 mice) transfected using the Mouse Macrophage Nucleofector® Kit with a plasmid encoding maxGFP® Protein. 24 hours post Nucleofection® cells were analyzed by light (A, C) and fluorescence microscopy (B, D). A and B show cells at 10x magnification. At 40x magnification (C, D) transfected macrophages reveal cytoplasmic extrusions important for phagocytic function of macrophages.

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<td>Cat. No.</td>
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<td>Size (Reactions)</td>
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<td>Mouse Macrophage Nucleofector® Solution</td>
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<td>pmaxGFP® Vector (0.5 µg/µl in 10 mM Tris pH 8.0)</td>
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<td>Certified Cuvettes</td>
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Optimized Protocol for Mouse Bone Marrow Derived Macrophages

**Required Material**

- Nucleofector® Device
- Supplemented Nucleofector® Solution at room temperature
- Supplied certified cuvettes
- Supplied plastic pipettes
- Supplied pmaxGFP® Vector
- Substrate of interest, highly purified, preferably by using endotoxin free kits; A260 : A280 ratio should be at least 1.8
- 12-well culture dish or culture system of your choice
- Culture dish for differentiation: Poly-D-Lysine coated flasks [Becton Dickinson; Cat. No. 354537]
- Culture medium: RPMI 1640 [Lonza; Cat.No. 12-167F] or alternatively DMEM [Lonza; cat. No. 12-604F] supplemented with 20% fetal calf serum (FCS), 100 μg/ml streptomycin, 100 U/ml penicillin, 2 mM UltraGlutamine I [Lonza; Cat. No. BE17-605E/U1]
- Differentiation medium: Culture medium supplemented with 40 ng/ml rHu M-CSF (working range: 10 – 50 ng/ml) [Promokine; Cat. No. C-60442]
- For detaching cells: 0.5 mg/ml trypsin, 0.2 mg/ml EDTA in PBS for 25 minutes
- Prewarm appropriate volume of culture medium to 37°C (2.0 ml per sample)
- Appropriate number of cells (1 x 10^6 cells per sample; lower or higher cell numbers may influence transfection results)

1. **Pre Nucleofection®**

Transfection results may be donor – dependent.

**Cell sample**

1.1 Aseptically remove femura from 7 – 11-week old mice
1.2 Wash femura thoroughly in petri dish with PBS to avoid possible contamination with cells outside the bone
1.3 Place bone in a fresh petri dish [cut off muscles and tibia]
1.4 Cut off one end of the bone
1.5 Use a 27G needle attached to a syringe containing 10 ml culture medium
1.6 Flush the bone marrow cells carefully from the bone directly into a 15 ml conical tube (ca. 2 ml medium per femur)
1.7 Resuspend the cells by gentle pipetting
1.8 Pass through a 70 µm filter into a 50 ml conical tube, wash with medium
1.9 Spin down at 300xg for 10 minutes at 4°C. Remove the supernatant carefully
1.10 Resuspend cell pellet in 10 ml medium [for 10 femura]
1.11 Adjust to a concentration of 6 x 10^6 bone marrow cells/ml (typically 1 – 2 x 10^7 cells are obtained per femur)
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1. Differentiation

1.12 Plate 6 x 10⁶ bone marrow cells per 75 cm² Poly-D-Lysin coated flask (minimum 2 x 10⁶ bone marrow cells)
1.13 Add 10 ml differentiation medium and incubate at 37°C in 5% CO₂ atmosphere
1.14 Feed every 2 – 3 days by adding fresh medium to the culture

Trypsinization (for flow cytometry analysis)

1.15 Wash adherent macrophages once with PBS
1.16 Add Trypsin/EDTA solution (0.5 mg/ml trypsin and 0.2 mg/ml EDTA in PBS) to cover the cell monolayer (~3 ml per 75 cm² flask), and gently swirl the dish/flask to ensure an even distribution of the solution. Incubate the flask for 25 – 30 minutes at RT
1.17 Stop trypsinization by addition of supplemented culture medium

2. Nucleofection®

One Nucleofection® sample contains

- 1 x 10⁶ cells
- 1 – 5 µg plasmid DNA (in 1 – 5 µl H₂O or TE) or 2 µg pmaxGFP® Vector or 30 – 300 nM siRNA (3 – 30 pmol/sample)
- 100 µl Mouse Macrophage Nucleofector® Solution

2.1 Please make sure that the entire supplement is added to the Nucleofector® Solution
2.2 Prepare 12-well plates by filling appropriate number of wells with 1.5 ml culture medium and pre-incubate/equilibrate plates in a humidified 37°C/5% CO₂ incubator
2.3 Count the cells and determine cell density
2.4 Centrifuge the required numbers of cells (1 x 10⁶ cells per sample) at 200xg for 10 minutes at room temperature. Discard supernatant completely so that no residual PBS/BSA covers the cell pellet
2.5 Resuspend the cell pellet carefully in 100 µl room temperature Nucleofector® Solution per sample. Avoid storing the cell suspension longer than 15 minutes in Mouse Macrophage Nucleofector® Solution per sample, as this reduces cell viability and gene transfer efficiency
2.6 Combine 100 µl of cell suspension with 1 – 5 µg DNA or appropriate amount of siRNA or other substrates
2.7 Transfer cell/DNA suspension into certified cuvette [sample must cover the bottom of the cuvette without air bubbles]. Close the cuvette with the cap
2.8 Select the appropriate Nucleofector® Program Y-001 (Y-01 for Nucleofector® I Device)
2.9 Insert the cuvette with cell/DNA suspension into the Nucleofector® Cuvette Holder and apply the selected program
2.10 Take the cuvette out of the holder once the program is finished
2.11 Add ~500 µl of the pre-equilibrated culture medium to the cuvette and gently transfer the sample into the 12-well plate (final volume of 2 ml media per well). Use the supplied pipettes and avoid repeated aspiration of the sample
3. Post Nucleofection®

3.1 Incubate the cells in humidified 37°C/5% CO₂ incubator until analysis. Gene expression is often detectable after only 4 – 8 hours. If this is not the case, the incubation period may be prolonged to 24 hours.

**Note** For flow cytometry analysis we recommend harvesting cells by trypsin treatment. Do not use cell scraper.

3.2 For activation experiments replace medium 6 hours post Nucleofection® and add 1 µg/ml LPS to the fresh medium.

3.3 Activation markers (e.g. TNFα) can be analyzed 24 hours after activation.

**Note** It is known that macrophages respond to intracellular foreign DNA by activation [Stacey KJ et al., 1996, J Immunol.; 157[5]:2116-22]. Nucleofection® of plasmid DNA causes activation which is indicated by transient TNFα secretion for up to 6 hours after Nucleofection®. It is possible to reactivate macrophages after medium change 6 hours post Nucleofection®.
Additional Information

For an up-to-date list of all Nucleofector® References, please refer to:
www.lonza.com/nucleofection-citations

For more technical assistance, contact our Scientific Support Team:

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References: